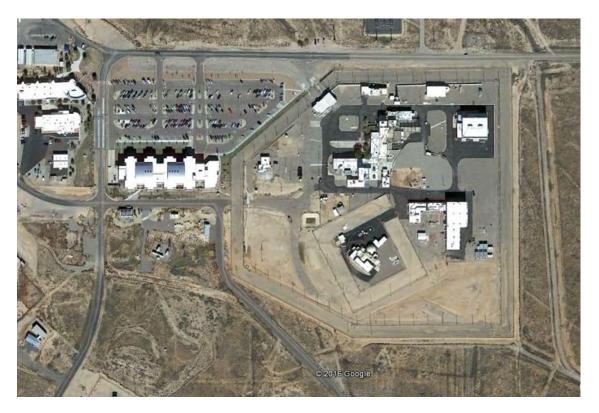
## **Technical Area-V Groundwater Area of Concern** presented to the Water Protection Advisory Board

August 12, 2016

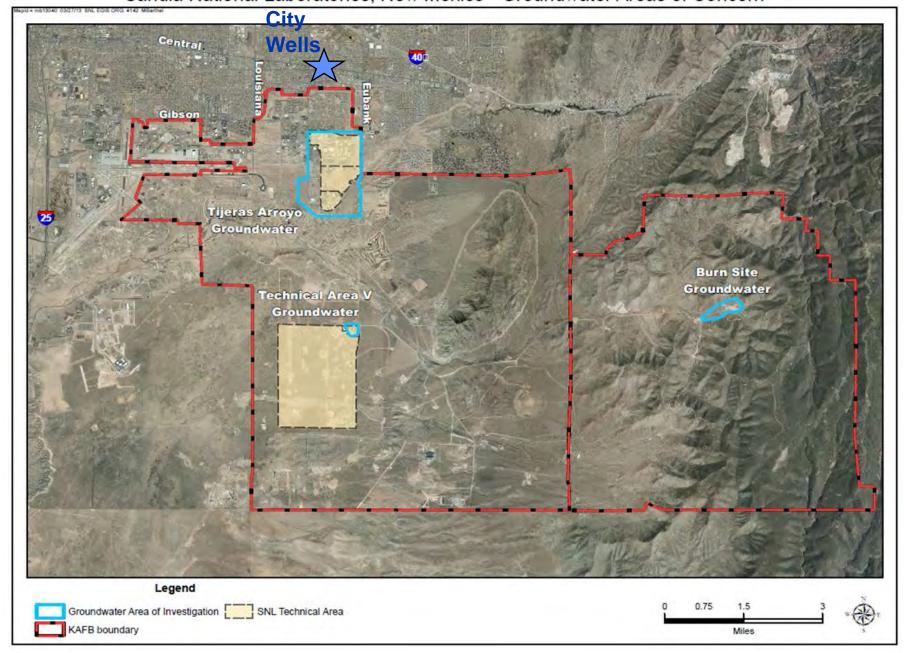
#### Jun Li, Technical Lead Sandia National Laboratories







Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico - Groundwater Areas of Concern





# Sources of Contamination at TA-V Groundwater AOC

- Technical Area-V is about 35 acres.
- Sources of contamination are wastewater discharges prior to 1992.

Discharge Site that Impacted Groundwater	Date of Discharge	Estimated Volume	Wastewater
Liquid Waste Disposal System (LWDS) Drain Field	1962 – 1967 (5 years)	6.5 Million Gallons	Industrial waste water
TA-V Seepage Pits	1960s - 1992 (30 years)	30-50 Million Gallons	Septic waste and industrial waste water





### **Groundwater Monitoring at TA-V**

- Groundwater is at 500 ft below ground surface in low permeability sediments.
- Extensively monitored since 1992.
- Current monitoring network has 16 wells including three deep wells.
- Quarterly monitoring for most wells.





## **Groundwater Monitoring at TA-V**





### Regulating Groundwater Contamination at TA-V

- NMED Hazardous Waste Bureau regulates the site.
- Regulatory standards for groundwater contamination at Sandia are EPA Drinking Water Standards.

Contaminant in Groundwater at TA-V	Maximum Concentration	EPA Drinking Water Standard
Nitrate	~ 15 mg/L	10 mg/L
Trichloroethene (TCE)	~ 20 μg/L	5 μg/L

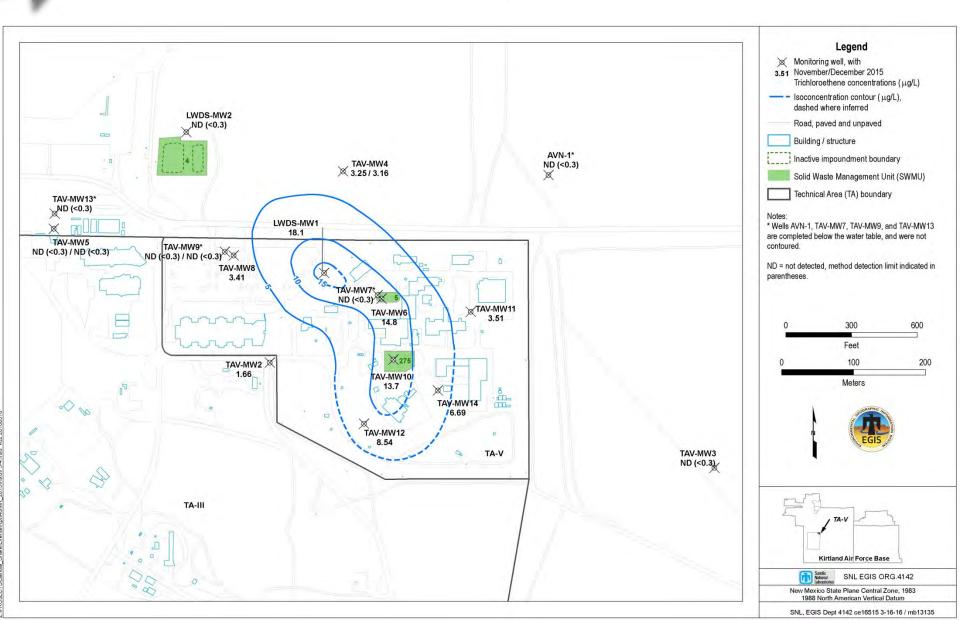
There is no pure phase TCE in the groundwater at TA-V.





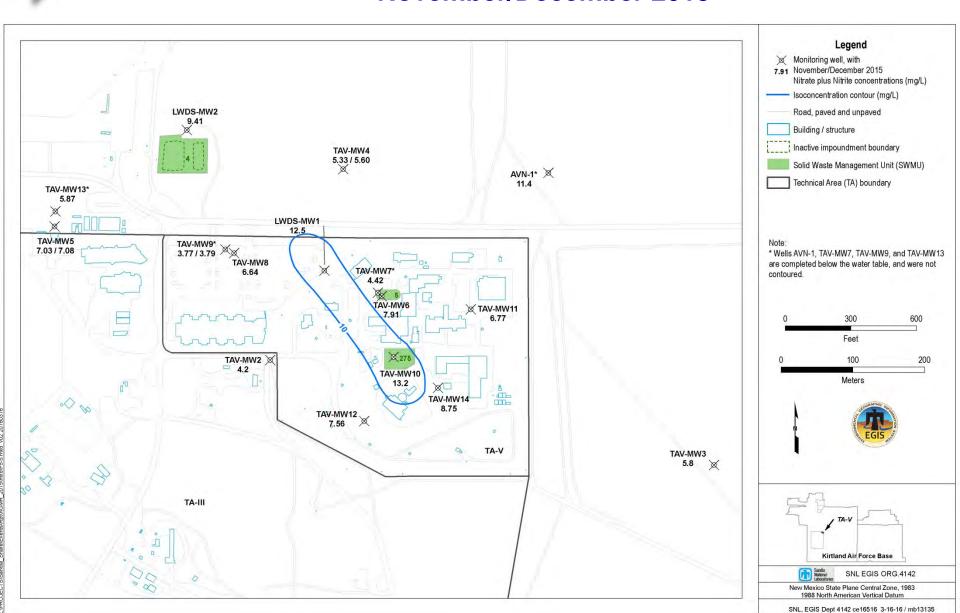
### TCE Distribution in Groundwater at TA-V

#### **November/December 2015**

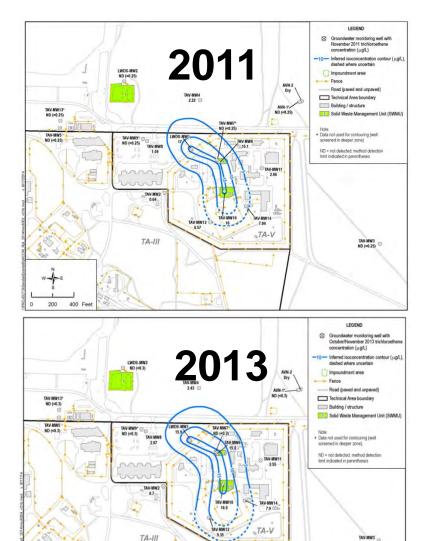


### Nitrate Distribution in Groundwater at TA-V

#### **November/December 2015**

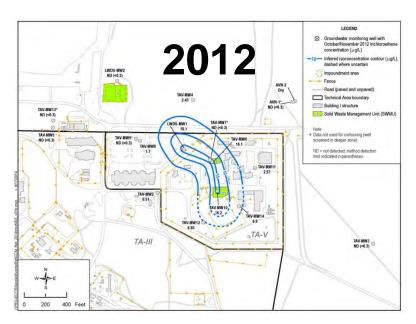


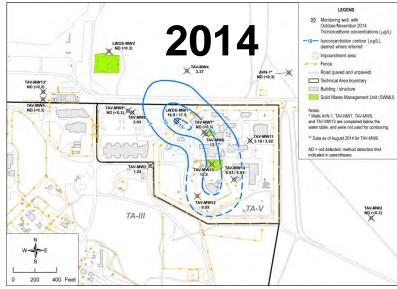
### TCE Distribution in Groundwater 2011 - 2014



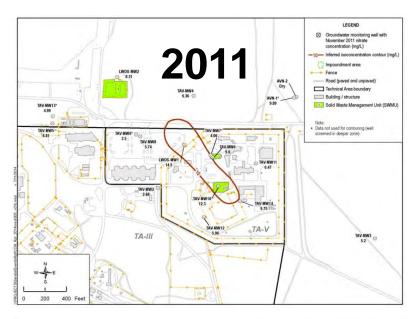
200

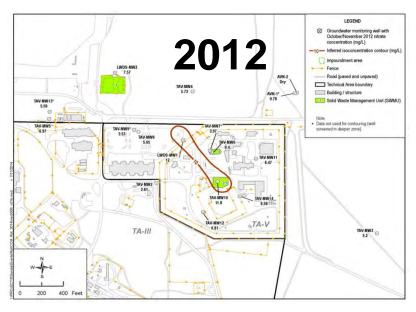
400 Feet

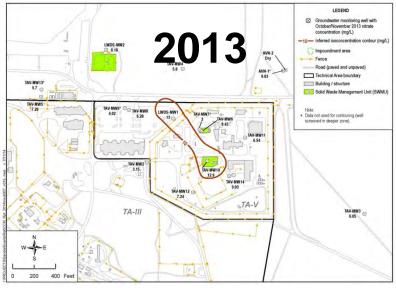


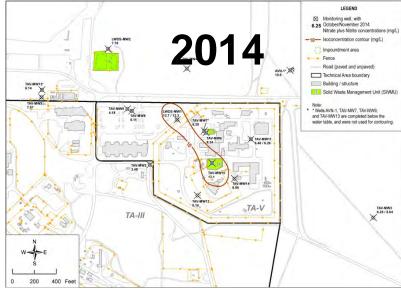


#### Nitrate Distribution in Groundwater 2011 - 2014



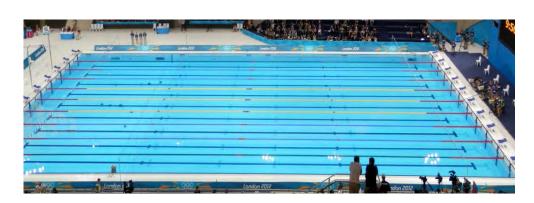






# Characteristics of TCE and Nitrate Plumes at TA-V Groundwater AOC

- Plumes are not moving.
- Plumes are approximately five miles south of City drinking water wells.
- Plumes are low concentrations.
  - No TCE detected in perimeter wells and deep wells.



**45** Olympic-Size Swimming Pools



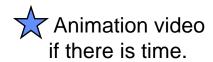


550 mL



# Path forward: a Phased Treatability Study of In-Situ Bioremediation

- "In-Situ" means to treat the contamination in place.
- "Bioremediation" means we will make biodegradation happen by supplying the following:
  - Dechlorinating bacteria to break down TCE.
  - Food and nutrients (i.e., substrate solution) to stimulate the growth of natural bacteria and injected dechlorinators.







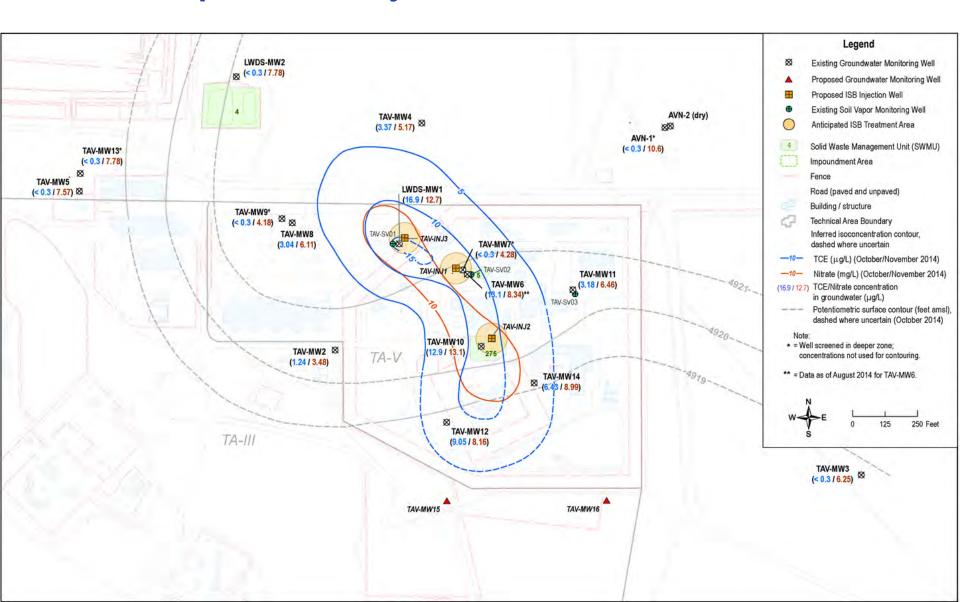


- Install up to three injection wells where the highest TCE and nitrate concentrations are detected.
- Assemble an aboveground injection system to deliver the dechlorinating bacteria and substrate solution.
- "Treatability Study" to test the effectiveness of insitu bioremediation technology at TA-V.

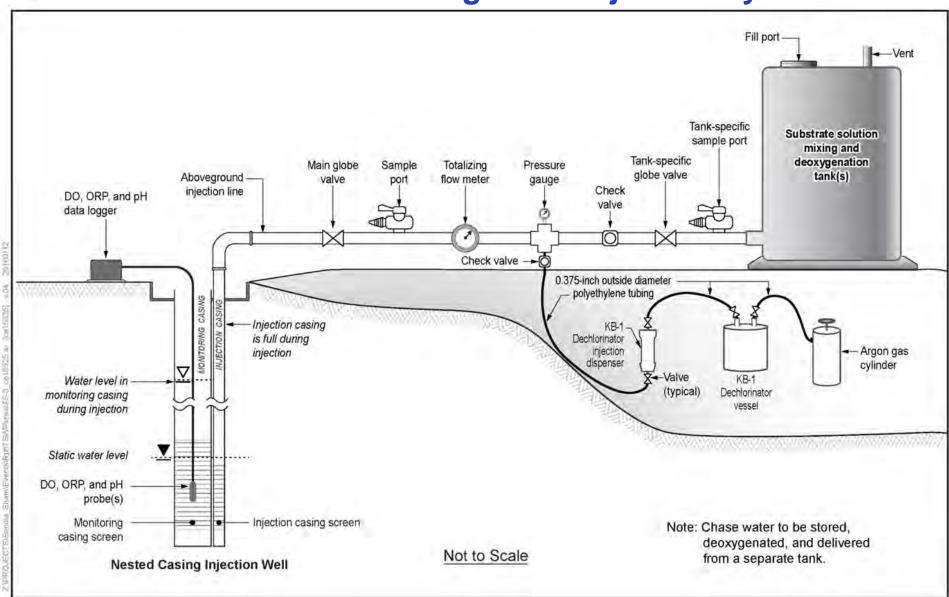




## Treatability Study: Install up to Three Injection Wells at Heart of the Plume



# Treatability Study: Assemble an Aboveground Injection System



### Implementation of Treatability Study

- Phase I Pilot Test.
  - Injection volume is 3,700 gallons
  - Injection completes in one day
  - Performance monitoring for four months
- Phase I Full-Scale Injection at the first injection well.
  - Injection volume is 530,000 gallons
  - Injection occurs for six months
  - Performance monitoring for two years
- Phase II Full-Scale Injection at the second and third injection wells.





### **Progress: Treatability Study Work Plan**

Treatability Study Work Plan approved May 2016.





Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico Environmental Restoration Operations

Revised Treatability Study Work Plan for In-Situ Bioremediation at the Technical Area-V Groundwater Area of Concern

March 2016







### **Progress: Discharge Permit Application**

Discharge Permit Application submitted July 2016.



Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico Ground Water Discharge Permit Application for Technical Area-V Treatability Study Injection Wells



July 2016







### **Discharge Permit**

## DP-1845 for Sandia National Laboratories, NM TA-V Treatability Study Injection Wells

 NMED Ground Water Quality Bureau is the regulator for Discharge Permits.



- NMED and Sandia will put out public notice for 30 days for this DP application.
- NMED GWQB will make available a proposed approval or disapproval of the DP application.
- The Pubic and Sandia will have opportunities to comment on the proposed approval or disapproval during a 30-day public comment period.





### **Summary**

- TA-V groundwater AOC is adequately characterized with TCE and nitrate contamination.
  - Plumes are stagnant and far from drinking water wells.
  - Plumes are of low concentrations.
  - No TCE detected in perimeter wells and deep wells.
- NMED HWB regulates the site to drinking water standards.
- Sandia plans to implement a Treatability Study of in-situ bioremediation contingent on funding from Congress.
- NMED GWQB regulates the Discharge Permit for injection wells used for Treatability Study.





#### Information Available to Public

- NMED HWB Website, https://www.env.nm.gov/HWB/
   → "Waste Facilities", then → "Sandia National Laboratories (SNL)":
  - Consolidated Quarterly Report (most recent is April 2016)
  - CY 2015 Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report
  - NMED DOE Oversight Bureau data on groundwater sites at SNL
- Physical copies of the Quarterly Reports and the Treatability Study Work Plan are available at UNM Zimmerman library.





